



www.ipm.ucdavis.edu

Apricot—Late-Fall Weed Survey

Supplement to UC IPM Pest Management Guidelines: Apricot

Grower/Orchard _____ Date _____

Comments _____

Mechanical Control or Herbicide Application Date _____

- Directions:**
1. After first rains, look for winter annuals in tree rows to check the effectiveness of any preemergent herbicide applications.
 2. Check the ground cover in row middles for perennial seedlings. Perennials are unwanted in any area of the orchard.
 3. Use the checklist to record weeds in your orchard and use the map to draw in the areas where specific problematic weeds were found. Rate infestation levels on a scale from 1 to 5 with 1 indicating very few weeds and 5 indicating heavy infestation.

Weed Seedlings	Row middles	Rows
Annual broadleaves		
cudweed		
fiddlenecks		
filaree		
groundsel, common		
henbit		
lettuce, miner's		
mallow, little (cheeseweed)		
mustards		
nettle, burning		
pineapple-weed		
polypogon, rabbitfoot		
radish, wild		
redmaids (desert rockpurslane)		
rocket, London		
shepherd's-purse		
Annual grasses		
barley, hare (wild)		
bluegrass, annual		
bromegrasses		
canarygrass		
oat, wild		
panicum, fall		
ryegrasses		

Weed Seedlings	Row middles	Rows
Perennial broadleaves		
bindweed, field		
blackberries, wild		
clovers		
strawberry clover		
white clover		
dandelion		
dock, curly		
fluvellins		
oxalis		
plaintain, buckhorn		
Perennial grasses		
bermudagrass		
dallisgrass		
fescues		
johnsongrass		
Other perennials		
nutsedge		
Mature annual weeds in tree row		

Grower/Orchard _____ Date _____

Comments _____

Map your orchard weeds

